Helicoidal surfaces with Δ Jr=Ar in 3-dimensional Euclidean space.

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Abstract: We study the helicoidal surfaces with $\Delta Jr = Ar$ in the 3-dimensional Euclidean space under the condition $\Delta Jr = Ar$, J = I, II, III, where A is a constant matrix and Δ denotes the Laplace operator with respect to the fundamental form I, II and III.